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Pearson Edexcel International GCSE

Time 1 hour 30 minutes

Paper reference **4EC1/01R**

Economics

Level 1/2

PAPER 1: Microeconomics and Business Economics

You do not need any other materials.

Total Marks

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided – *there may be more space than you need.*
- Calculators may be used.
- You are advised to **show all your working out** with **your answer clearly identified** at the **end of your solution**.

Information

- The total mark for this paper is 80.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets – *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.*

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ►

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Answer ALL questions. Write your answers in the spaces provided.

Some questions must be answered with a cross in a box ☒. If you change your mind about an answer, put a line through the box ☒ and then mark your new answer with a cross ☒.

1 (a) Water is an example of which factor of production?

(1)

- A Land
- B Labour
- C Capital
- D Enterprise

(b) A firm has total costs of \$700. It sells 300 items at a price of \$20 each. What is the **profit** for the firm?

(1)

- A \$5 300
- B \$6 000
- C \$13 700
- D \$14 000

(c) What is meant by the term supply?

(2)

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(d) State **one** type of an external economy of scale.

(1)

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(e) Define the term unique product.

(1)

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Connor owns a hair salon. He increased prices by 2% and was willing to increase quantity supplied by 2.6%.

(f) Calculate the **price elasticity of supply (PES)** for Connor’s hair salon. You are advised to show your working.

(2)

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- (g) Using the diagram below, draw the likely effect on the market for luxury holidays after a fall in income. Label the new curve, the new equilibrium price and the new equilibrium quantity.

(3)

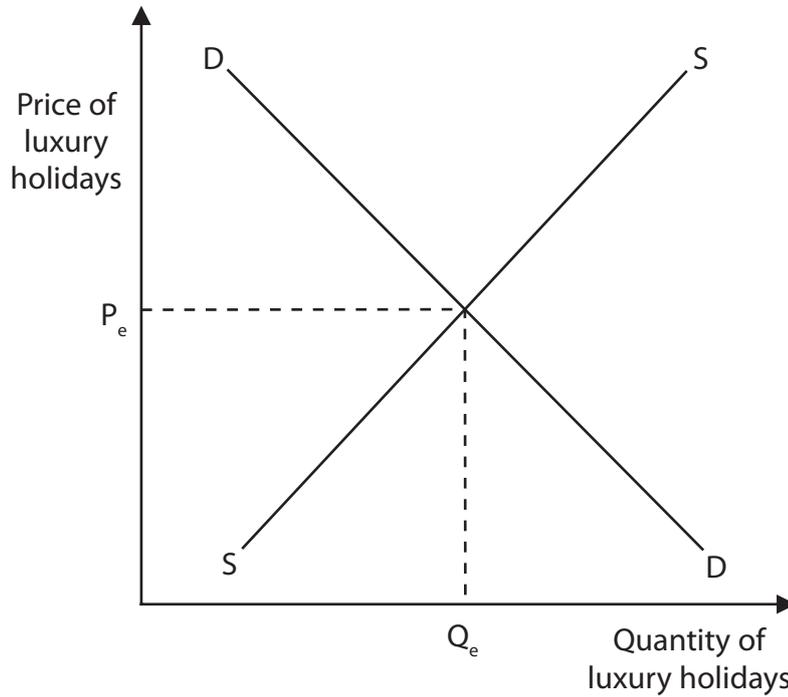


Figure 1

Government-owned Angola Telecom is to be privatised in an attempt to make the industry more efficient.

- (h) Explain **one** possible disadvantage of privatisation for workers in the telecoms industry in Angola.

(3)

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- 2 The income elasticity of demand (YED) for a product can be calculated by using the information in Figure 3.

Change in quantity demanded	4.6%
Change in income	2%

Figure 3

- (a) Which **one** of the following options best describes the demand for the product? (1)
- A** Unitary
 - B** Luxury
 - C** Inferior
 - D** Inelastic
- (b) Which **one** of the following is the formula for social benefits? (1)
- A** Private costs + private benefits
 - B** Private benefits – private costs
 - C** Private benefits + external benefits
 - D** Private costs – external costs

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(c) What is meant by the term trade union?

(2)

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Figure 4 shows the monthly costs per unit when a firm makes 3,000 units.

Quantity	Total fixed costs	Total variable costs
3,000	\$6 200	\$3 550

Figure 4

(d) Calculate the **average cost per unit (AC)** for the firm when it makes 3,000 units. You are advised to show your working.

(2)



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(e) Describe **one** way that high start-up costs can be a barrier to entry.

(2)

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UK supermarkets operate in an oligopoly where the market is dominated by several large firms.

(f) Explain **one** disadvantage of this type of market structure for UK consumers.

(3)

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(Total for Question 2 = 20 marks)



3 (a) Which **one** of the following is the definition of a merger? (1)

- A The joining together of two firms
- B The transfer of ownership from the government
- C The takeover of one firm by another firm
- D The creation of a competitive market

(b) Which **one** of the following is a reason why a government would introduce a minimum wage? (1)

- A To increase the benefits paid by a government
- B To reduce the motivation of workers
- C To close the income gap between the rich and the poor
- D To ensure producers increase their profits

(c) On the blank pie chart below, draw and label the likely approximate size of employment in the primary (P), secondary (S) and tertiary (T) sectors for a developed country, such as Japan. (3)

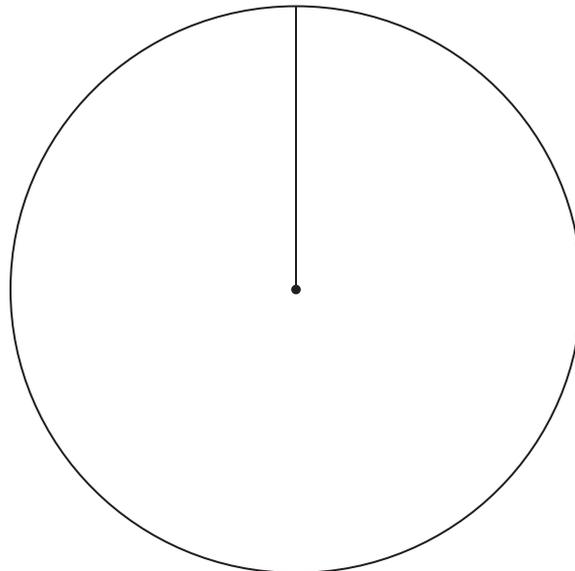


Figure 5

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Dubai in the UAE has a population of more than 2.5 million people. Immigrant workers make up over 80% of this population. Many of the immigrants provide construction, cleaning or care services.

(Source adapted from: <https://www.futurelearn.com/info/courses/migration-theories/0/steps/35094>)

(e) With reference to the data above and your knowledge of economics, assess the benefits to Dubai of employing such a high proportion of migrant labour.

(9)

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(Total for Question 3 = 20 marks)



4 Figure 6 shows financial data for a firm selling a selection of products.

Product	X	Y
Price	\$3 000	\$3 300
Quantity sold	50	40
Total revenue	$\$3\,000 \times 50$	$\$3\,300 \times 40$
PED	-0.62	-1.53

Figure 6

(a) Calculate the **total revenue** for the product that has a price elasticity of demand (PED) which is **inelastic**. You are advised to show your working.

(2)

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(Total for Question 4 = 20 marks)

TOTAL FOR PAPER = 80 MARKS



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