



Cambridge International AS & A Level

BIOLOGY**9700/34**

Paper 3 Advanced Practical Skills 2

October/November 2020**MARK SCHEME**Maximum Mark: 40

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

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This document consists of **8** printed pages.

PUBLISHED**Generic Marking Principles**

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always **whole marks** (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently, e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

Science-Specific Marking Principles

1	Examiners should consider the context and scientific use of any keywords when awarding marks. Although keywords may be present, marks should not be awarded if the keywords are used incorrectly.
2	The examiner should not choose between contradictory statements given in the same question part, and credit should not be awarded for any correct statement that is contradicted within the same question part. Wrong science that is irrelevant to the question should be ignored.
3	Although spellings do not have to be correct, spellings of syllabus terms must allow for clear and unambiguous separation from other syllabus terms with which they may be confused (e.g. ethane / ethene, glucagon / glycogen, refraction / reflection).
4	The error carried forward (ecf) principle should be applied, where appropriate. If an incorrect answer is subsequently used in a scientifically correct way, the candidate should be awarded these subsequent marking points. Further guidance will be included in the mark scheme where necessary and any exceptions to this general principle will be noted.
5	<u>'List rule' guidance</u> For questions that require <i>n</i> responses (e.g. State two reasons ...): • The response should be read as continuous prose, even when numbered answer spaces are provided. • Any response marked <i>ignore</i> in the mark scheme should not count towards <i>n</i>. • Incorrect responses should not be awarded credit but will still count towards <i>n</i>. • Read the entire response to check for any responses that contradict those that would otherwise be credited. Credit should not be awarded for any responses that are contradicted within the rest of the response. Where two responses contradict one another, this should be treated as a single incorrect response. • Non-contradictory responses after the first <i>n</i> responses may be ignored even if they include incorrect science.

6 Calculation specific guidance

Correct answers to calculations should be given full credit even if there is no working or incorrect working, **unless** the question states 'show your working'.

For questions in which the number of significant figures required is not stated, credit should be awarded for correct answers when rounded by the examiner to the number of significant figures given in the mark scheme. This may not apply to measured values.

For answers given in standard form (e.g. $a \times 10^n$) in which the convention of restricting the value of the coefficient (a) to a value between 1 and 10 is not followed, credit may still be awarded if the answer can be converted to the answer given in the mark scheme.

Unless a separate mark is given for a unit, a missing or incorrect unit will normally mean that the final calculation mark is not awarded. Exceptions to this general principle will be noted in the mark scheme.

7 Guidance for chemical equations

Multiples / fractions of coefficients used in chemical equations are acceptable unless stated otherwise in the mark scheme.

State symbols given in an equation should be ignored unless asked for in the question or stated otherwise in the mark scheme.

Mark scheme abbreviations

;	separates marking points
/	alternative answers for the same point
R	reject
A	accept (for answers correctly cued by the question, or by extra guidance)
AW	alternative wording (where responses vary more than usual)
<u>underline</u>	actual word given must be used by candidate (grammatical variants accepted)
max	indicates the maximum number of marks that can be given
ora	or reverse argument
mp	marking point (with relevant number)
ecf	error carried forward
I	ignore

Question	Answer	Marks
1(a)(i)	1 <i>labels under correct sequence of beakers:</i> 1.0, 0.1, 0.01, 0.001, 0.0001 <u>and</u> % at least once ; 2 shows transfer of 1 (cm ³) to each beakers from the previous beaker ; 3 shows 9 (cm ³) of, W /water, added to each beaker;	3
1(a)(ii)	1 <i>heading for independent variable:</i> percentage concentration of starch (before heading for dependent variable) and no units in body of table ; 2 <i>heading for dependent variable:</i> symbol ; 3 symbols for all samples ; 4 results for the highest concentration of starch more than for the lowest concentration of starch ; 5 results recorded for the highest concentration of starch more than for the next concentration of starch ;	5
1(a)(iii)	1 records results for X <u>and</u> Y ;	1
1(a)(iv)	1 estimates the correct concentrations of starch in X <u>and</u> Y ;	1
1(a)(v)	1 Benedict's reagent ; 2 time to first colour change / prepare known colour standards ; 3 five reducing sugar concentrations ; 4 compare unknown, time / colour, with known concentrations, times / colours ;	3
1(b)(i)	1 x-axis: concentration of maltose / mol dm ⁻³ <u>and</u> y-axis: initial rate of reaction of maltase / arbitrary units ; 2 scale on x-axis: 1 mol dm ⁻³ to 2 cm, labelled at least every 2 cm <u>and</u> scale on y-axis: 50 arbitrary units to 2 cm, labelled at least every 2 cm ; 3 correct plotting of all points using small crosses or dots in circles ; 4 plots joined with thin line passing through all points ;	4
1(b)(ii)	1 correct calculation of $\frac{1}{2} V_{\max}$; 2 correct value for K_m from graph ;	2
1(b)(iii)	maltase <u>and</u> has a higher K_m ;	1

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Question	Answer	Marks
1(b)(iv)	any two from: as substrate concentration increases 1 more substrate molecules ; 2 more successful collisions or more enzyme substrate complexes formed ; levels off because 3 active sites are saturated ;	2

Question	Answer	Marks
2(a)(i)	1 suitable size <u>and</u> no shading ; 2 draws only correct region of the stem and no cells drawn ; 3 draws correct proportions of vascular bundle compared to the bulge ; 4 draws flattened vascular bundle ; 5 label line <u>and</u> label to xylem ;	5
2(a)(ii)	1 suitable size <u>and</u> all lines sharp and continuous ; 2 draws only four whole cells <u>and</u> each cell touches at least two other cells ; 3 draws correct shape of cells ; 4 two lines around each cell <u>and</u> three lines where cells touch ; 5 label line <u>and</u> label to one cell wall ;	5
2(b)(i)	1 records measured total diameter of the stem <u>and</u> units ; 2 records measured diameter of the inner layer <u>and</u> units ; for total diameter or inner layer 3 shows addition of three measurements <u>and</u> shows division by 3 <u>and</u> division by 32 ; 4 (final answer) to the correct degree of accuracy <u>and</u> units ;	4
2(b)(ii)	larger number to smaller number ;	1

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Question	Answer	Marks															
2(c)	1 records only observable differences ; 2, 3 and 4 any three from: <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>feature</th><th>Fig. 2.3</th><th>L1</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>number of vascular bundles</td><td>many</td><td>fewer ;</td></tr> <tr> <td>shape of stem</td><td>circular</td><td>square ;</td></tr> <tr> <td>air space</td><td>absent</td><td>present ;</td></tr> <tr> <td>epidermis</td><td>thick</td><td>thin ;</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	feature	Fig. 2.3	L1	number of vascular bundles	many	fewer ;	shape of stem	circular	square ;	air space	absent	present ;	epidermis	thick	thin ;	3
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