



Cambridge International AS & A Level

BIOLOGY**9700/33**

Paper 3 Advanced Practical Skills 1

October/November 2024**MARK SCHEME**Maximum Mark: 40

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2024 series for most Cambridge IGCSE, Cambridge International A and AS Level components, and some Cambridge O Level components.

This document consists of **8** printed pages.

PUBLISHED**Generic Marking Principles**

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptions for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always **whole marks** (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently, e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

Science-Specific Marking Principles

1 Examiners should consider the context and scientific use of any keywords when awarding marks. Although keywords may be present, marks should not be awarded if the keywords are used incorrectly.

2 The examiner should not choose between contradictory statements given in the same question part, and credit should not be awarded for any correct statement that is contradicted within the same question part. Wrong science that is irrelevant to the question should be ignored.

3 Although spellings do not have to be correct, spellings of syllabus terms must allow for clear and unambiguous separation from other syllabus terms with which they may be confused (e.g. ethane / ethene, glucagon / glycogen, refraction / reflection).

4 The error carried forward (ecf) principle should be applied, where appropriate. If an incorrect answer is subsequently used in a scientifically correct way, the candidate should be awarded these subsequent marking points. Further guidance will be included in the mark scheme where necessary and any exceptions to this general principle will be noted.

5 'List rule' guidance

For questions that require ***n*** responses (e.g. State **two** reasons ...):

- The response should be read as continuous prose, even when numbered answer spaces are provided.
- Any response marked *ignore* in the mark scheme should not count towards ***n***.
- Incorrect responses should not be awarded credit but will still count towards ***n***.
- Read the entire response to check for any responses that contradict those that would otherwise be credited. Credit should **not** be awarded for any responses that are contradicted within the rest of the response. Where two responses contradict one another, this should be treated as a single incorrect response.
- Non-contradictory responses after the first ***n*** responses may be ignored even if they include incorrect science.

6 Calculation specific guidance

Correct answers to calculations should be given full credit even if there is no working or incorrect working, **unless** the question states 'show your working'.

For questions in which the number of significant figures required is not stated, credit should be awarded for correct answers when rounded by the examiner to the number of significant figures given in the mark scheme. This may not apply to measured values.

For answers given in standard form (e.g. $a \times 10^n$) in which the convention of restricting the value of the coefficient (a) to a value between 1 and 10 is not followed, credit may still be awarded if the answer can be converted to the answer given in the mark scheme.

Unless a separate mark is given for a unit, a missing or incorrect unit will normally mean that the final calculation mark is not awarded. Exceptions to this general principle will be noted in the mark scheme.

7 Guidance for chemical equations

Multiples / fractions of coefficients used in chemical equations are acceptable unless stated otherwise in the mark scheme.

State symbols given in an equation should be ignored unless asked for in the question or stated otherwise in the mark scheme.

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PUBLISHED**Mark scheme abbreviations**

;	separates marking points
/	alternative answers for the same point
A	accept (for answers correctly cued by the question, or by extra guidance)
R	reject
I	ignore
()	the word / phrase in brackets is not required, but sets the context
AW	alternative wording (where responses vary more than usual)
underline	actual word given must be used by candidate (grammatical variants accepted)
max	indicates the maximum number of marks that can be given
ora	or reverse argument
mp	marking point (with relevant number)
ecf	error carried forward
AVP	alternative valid point

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Question	Answer	Marks
1(a)(i)	measuring the height of the foam;	1
1(a)(ii)	1 states 50%, 25%, 12.5% ; 2 shows transfer of 30 cm ³ to each beaker from the previous beaker ; 3 shows 30 cm ³ of W added to each beaker ;	3
1(a)(iii)	1 heading for independent variable: % concentration of ethanol ; 2 heading for dependent variable: height of foam / mm ; 3 states results for 0 % concentration ethanol and results at 1 minute and at 2 minutes for all concentrations ; 4 correct trend for results (the height of foam at the highest concentration is lower than at the lowest concentration of ethanol ; 5 records results to the nearest whole millimetre ;	5
1(a)(iv)	shows how both rates are calculated and units for both rates included ;	1
1(a)(v)	states how the rate changes with time for results collected ;	1
1(a)(vi)	shows the activity of catalase without ethanol ;	1
1(a)(vii)	height of the foam ;	1
1(a)(viii)	<i>any two from:</i> 1 more concentrations of ethanol ; 2 carry out repeats and calculate a mean ; 3 use a gas syringe to measure volume of gas	2
1(b)(i)	1 <i>x-axis</i> : labelled 'concentration of ethanol / μldm^{-3} and <i>y-axis</i> : labelled 'PPO activity arbitrary units / au' ; 2 scale on <i>x-axis</i> : 100 to 2 cm and scale on <i>y-axis</i> : 0.5 to 2 cm, labelled at least every 2 cm ; 3 correct plotting of 5 points with cross or dot in circle ; 4 smooth, thin line, joined point to point, through all the points ;	4

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Question	Answer	Marks
1(b)(ii)	<i>any two from:</i> 1 as concentration of ethanol increases PPO activity decreases ; 2 ethanol acts as an inhibitor ; 3 as concentration of ethanol increases less enzyme-substrate complexes ; 4 at higher concentrations of ethanol PPO enzyme starts to denature ;	2

Question	Answer	Marks
2(a)(i)	1 uses most of the available space and no shading ; 2 draws the correct region and no cells included ; 3 draws the layer of tissue beneath the epidermis ; 4 draws at least one vascular bundle ; 5 label line and label to a epidermis ;	5
2(a)(ii)	1 uses most of the available space and lines are continuous, thin and sharp ; 2 draws only four cells and each cell touches at least two other cells ; 3 two lines around each cell and three lines where cells touch ; 4 draws cells with 5 or 6 sides ; 5 label line and label to cell wall of one cell ;	5
2(b)(i)	1 states five measurements for length of vascular bundles and units ; 2 shows five measurements added together and divided by 5 (to calculate a mean) ; 3 shows value divided by 12 ; 4 answer given to nearest 0.5 mm ;	4
2(b)(ii)	<i>any two for one mark from:</i> 1 measure all the vascular bundles 2 larger magnification to make it easier to measure 3 take more sections	1

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Question	Answer	Marks															
2(c)	only observable differences ; differences between K1 and Fig. 2.3: any three from: <table><tr><th>(feature)</th><th>K1</th><th>Fig. 2.1</th></tr><tr><td>thickness of epidermis</td><td>thin</td><td>Thick ;</td></tr><tr><td>shape of stem</td><td>circular</td><td>Wavy ;</td></tr><tr><td>number of vascular bundles</td><td>more</td><td>Fewer ;</td></tr><tr><td>position of vascular bundles</td><td>scattered</td><td>arranged in rings ;</td></tr></table>	(feature)	K1	Fig. 2.1	thickness of epidermis	thin	Thick ;	shape of stem	circular	Wavy ;	number of vascular bundles	more	Fewer ;	position of vascular bundles	scattered	arranged in rings ;	4
(feature)	K1	Fig. 2.1															
thickness of epidermis	thin	Thick ;															
shape of stem	circular	Wavy ;															
number of vascular bundles	more	Fewer ;															
position of vascular bundles	scattered	arranged in rings ;															