

Cambridge
International
A Level

Cambridge International Examinations
Cambridge International Advanced Level

CANDIDATE
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MATHEMATICS

9709/71

Paper 7 Probability & Statistics 2 **(S2)**

May/June 2017

1 hour 15 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

Additional Materials: List of Formulae (MF9)

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name in the spaces at the top of this page.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

DO **NOT** WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer **all** the questions.

Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place in the case of angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.

The use of an electronic calculator is expected, where appropriate.

You are reminded of the need for clear presentation in your answers.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

The total number of marks for this paper is 50.

This document consists of **11** printed pages and **1** blank page.



1 On average, 1 clover plant in 10 000 has four leaves instead of three.

- (i)** Use an approximating distribution to calculate the probability that, in a random sample of 2000 clover plants, more than 2 will have four leaves. [3]

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- (ii)** Justify your approximating distribution. [2]

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This image shows a full page of white paper with horizontal dotted lines. The lines are evenly spaced and run across the width of the page, providing a guide for handwriting practice. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the page.

- (b) A researcher used 3 random samples to calculate 3 independent 92% confidence intervals. Find the probability that all 3 of these confidence intervals contain only values that are greater than the actual population mean. [2]

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- (c) Another researcher surveyed the first 75 people who waited at a bus stop on a Monday morning. Give a reason why this sample is unsuitable for use in finding a confidence interval for the mean waiting time. [1]

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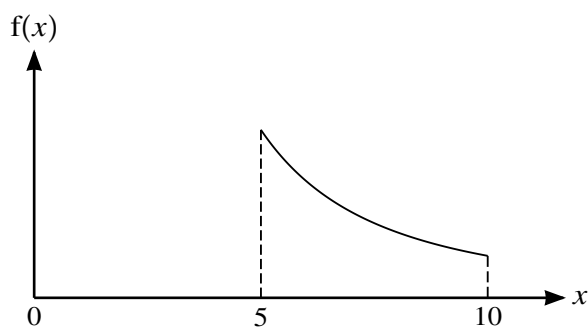
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6

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The time, X minutes, taken by a large number of runners to complete a certain race has probability density function f given by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{k}{x^2} & 5 \leq x \leq 10, \\ 0 & \text{otherwise,} \end{cases}$$

where k is a constant, as shown in the diagram.

- (i) Without calculation, explain how you can tell that there were more runners whose times were below 7.5 minutes than above 7.5 minutes. [1]

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- (ii) Show that $k = 10$. [3]

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(iii) Find $E(X)$.

[3]

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(iv) Find $\text{Var}(X)$.

[2]

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- [illegible]

Small packets of sugar are packed in boxes. The total weight of a full box has a normal distribution with mean 3130 g and standard deviation 12.1 g.

- (ii) Find the probability that the weight of a randomly chosen full carton is less than double the weight of a randomly chosen full box. [5]

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6 The number of sports injuries per month at a certain college has a Poisson distribution. In the past the mean has been 1.1 injuries per month. The principal recently introduced new safety guidelines and she decides to test, at the 2% significance level, whether the mean number of sports injuries has been reduced. She notes the number of sports injuries during a 6-month period.

(i) Find the critical region for the test and state the probability of a Type I error. [6]

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(ii) State what is meant by a Type I error in this context. [1]

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(iii) During the 6-month period there are a total of 2 sports injuries. Carry out the test. [3]

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(iv) Assuming that the mean remains 1.1, calculate the probability that there will be fewer than 30 sports injuries during a 36-month period. [4]

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