



Cambridge International AS & A Level

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MATHEMATICS

9709/62

Paper 6 Probability & Statistics 2

February/March 2020

1 hour 15 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

You will need: List of formulae (MF19)

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer **all** questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do **not** write on any bar codes.
- If additional space is needed, you should use the lined page at the end of this booklet; the question number or numbers must be clearly shown.
- You should use a calculator where appropriate.
- You must show all necessary working clearly; no marks will be given for unsupported answers from a calculator.
- Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place for angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 50.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].

This document has **12** pages. Blank pages are indicated.



[3]

This image shows a single page of white paper with horizontal ruling lines. The lines are evenly spaced and run across the width of the page. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the paper.

[5]

[illegible]

- 3 In the past, the mean time taken by Freda for a particular daily journey was 39.2 minutes. Following the introduction of a one-way system, Freda wishes to test whether the mean time for the journey has decreased. She notes the times, t minutes, for 40 randomly chosen journeys and summarises the results as follows.

$$n = 40 \qquad \Sigma t = 1504 \qquad \Sigma t^2 = 57\,760$$

- (a) Calculate unbiased estimates of the population mean and variance of the new journey time. [3]

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- (b) Test, at the 5% significance level, whether the population mean time has decreased. [5]

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4 The number of accidents on a certain road has a Poisson distribution with mean 0.4 per 50-day period.

(a) Find the probability that there will be fewer than 3 accidents during a year (365 days). [3]

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(b) The probability that there will be no accidents during a period of n days is greater than 0.95.
Find the largest possible value of n . [4]

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- 5 Bottles of Lanta contain approximately 300 ml of juice. The volume of juice, in millilitres, in a bottle is $300 + X$, where X is a random variable with probability density function given by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{3}{4000}(100 - x^2) & -10 \leq x \leq 10, \\ 0 & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

- (a) Find the probability that a randomly chosen bottle of Lanta contains more than 305 ml of juice. [3]

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- (b) Given that 25% of bottles of Lanta contain more than $(300 + p)$ ml of juice, show that

$$p^3 - 300p + 1000 = 0. \qquad [4]$$

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- (c) Given that $p = 3.47$, and that 50% of bottles of Lanta contain between $(300 - q)$ and $(300 + q)$ ml of juice, find q . Justify your answer. [2]

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- 6** The volumes, in millilitres, of large and small cups of tea are modelled by the distributions $N(200, 30)$ and $N(110, 20)$ respectively.
- (a)** Find the probability that the total volume of a randomly chosen large cup of tea and a randomly chosen small cup of tea is less than 300 ml. [4]

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[illegible]

(a) Find the rejection region for the test. [4]

[illegible]

(b) Find the probability of a Type I error. [1]

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(c) Jimmy believes that the true percentage at Arvin’s college is 70%. Assuming that Jimmy is correct, find the probability of a Type II error. [3]

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