

Please check the examination details below before entering your candidate information

Candidate surname

Other names

Centre Number

Candidate Number

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Pearson Edexcel International Advanced Level

Thursday 6 June 2024

Morning (Time: 1 hour 30 minutes)

Paper
reference

WMA14/01

Mathematics
International Advanced Level
Pure Mathematics P4

You must have:

Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables (Yellow), calculator

Total Marks

Candidates may use any calculator permitted by Pearson regulations. Calculators must not have the facility for symbolic algebra manipulation, differentiation and integration, or have retrievable mathematical formulae stored in them.

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- If pencil is used for diagrams/sketches/graphs it must be dark (HB or B).
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions and ensure that your answers to parts of questions are clearly labelled.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
– *there may be more space than you need.*
- You should show sufficient working to make your methods clear. Answers without working may not gain full credit.
- Inexact answers should be given to three significant figures unless otherwise stated.

Information

- A booklet 'Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables' is provided.
- There are 9 questions in this question paper. The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
– *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.*

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.
- If you change your mind about an answer, cross it out and put your new answer and any working underneath.

Turn over ►

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3. The curve C is defined by the equation

$$8x^3 - 3y^2 + 2xy = 9$$

Find an equation of the normal to C at the point $(2, 5)$, giving your answer in the form $ax + by + c = 0$, where a , b and c are integers.

(7)

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5.

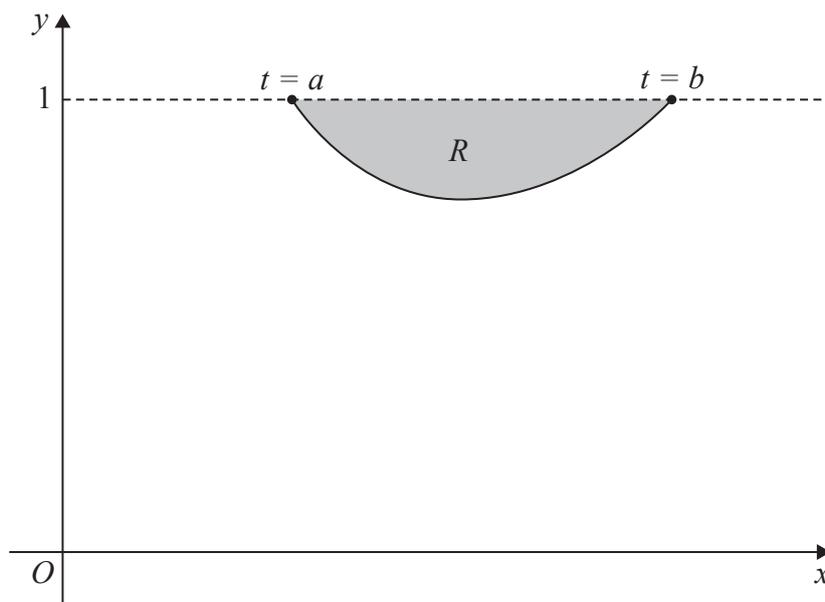


Figure 2

Figure 2 shows a sketch of the curve defined by the parametric equations

$$x = t^2 + 2t \quad y = \frac{2}{t(3-t)} \quad a \leq t \leq b$$

where a and b are constants.

The ends of the curve lie on the line with equation $y = 1$

(a) Find the value of a and the value of b

(2)

The region R , shown shaded in Figure 2, is bounded by the curve and the line with equation $y = 1$

(b) Show that the area of region R is given by

$$M - k \int_a^b \frac{t+1}{t(3-t)} dt$$

where M and k are constants to be found.

(5)

(c) (i) Write $\frac{t+1}{t(3-t)}$ in partial fractions.

(ii) Use algebraic integration to find the exact area of R , giving your answer in simplest form.

(6)



9.

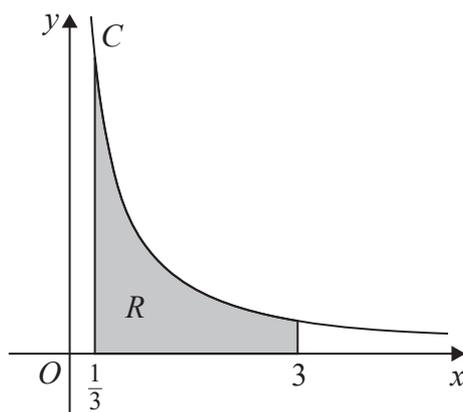


Figure 3

The curve C , shown in Figure 3, has equation

$$y = \frac{x^{-\frac{1}{4}}}{\sqrt{1+x} (\arctan \sqrt{x})}$$

The region R , shown shaded in Figure 3, is bounded by C , the line with equation $x = 3$, the x -axis and the line with equation $x = \frac{1}{3}$

The region R is rotated through 360° about the x -axis to form a solid.

Using the substitution $\tan u = \sqrt{x}$

(a) show that the volume V of the solid formed is given by

$$k \int_a^b \frac{1}{u^2} du$$

where k , a and b are constants to be found.

(6)

(b) Hence, using algebraic integration, find the value of V in simplest form.

(3)



