GradeMax

Write your name here

Surname	Other names

Pearson Edexcel
International GCSE

Centre Number | | | | | |

Candidate Number | | | | |

Bangladesh Studies

Paper 2: The Land, People and Economy of Bangladesh

Wednesday 18 May 2016 – Morning
Time: 1 hour 30 minutes

Paper Reference
4BN0/02

You do not need any other materials.

Total Marks

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **Section A** and then **one** question from Section B, **one** question from Section C and **one** question from Section D.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
  – *there may be more space than you need.*

Information

- The total mark for this paper is 60.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
  – *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.*

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Write your answers neatly and in good English.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ▶

P45946A

©2016 Pearson Education Ltd.

1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1

P 4 5 9 4 6 A 0 1 2 0

PEARSON

SECTION A

You MUST answer this question.

1 Study Figure 1 which is an outline map of Bangladesh.

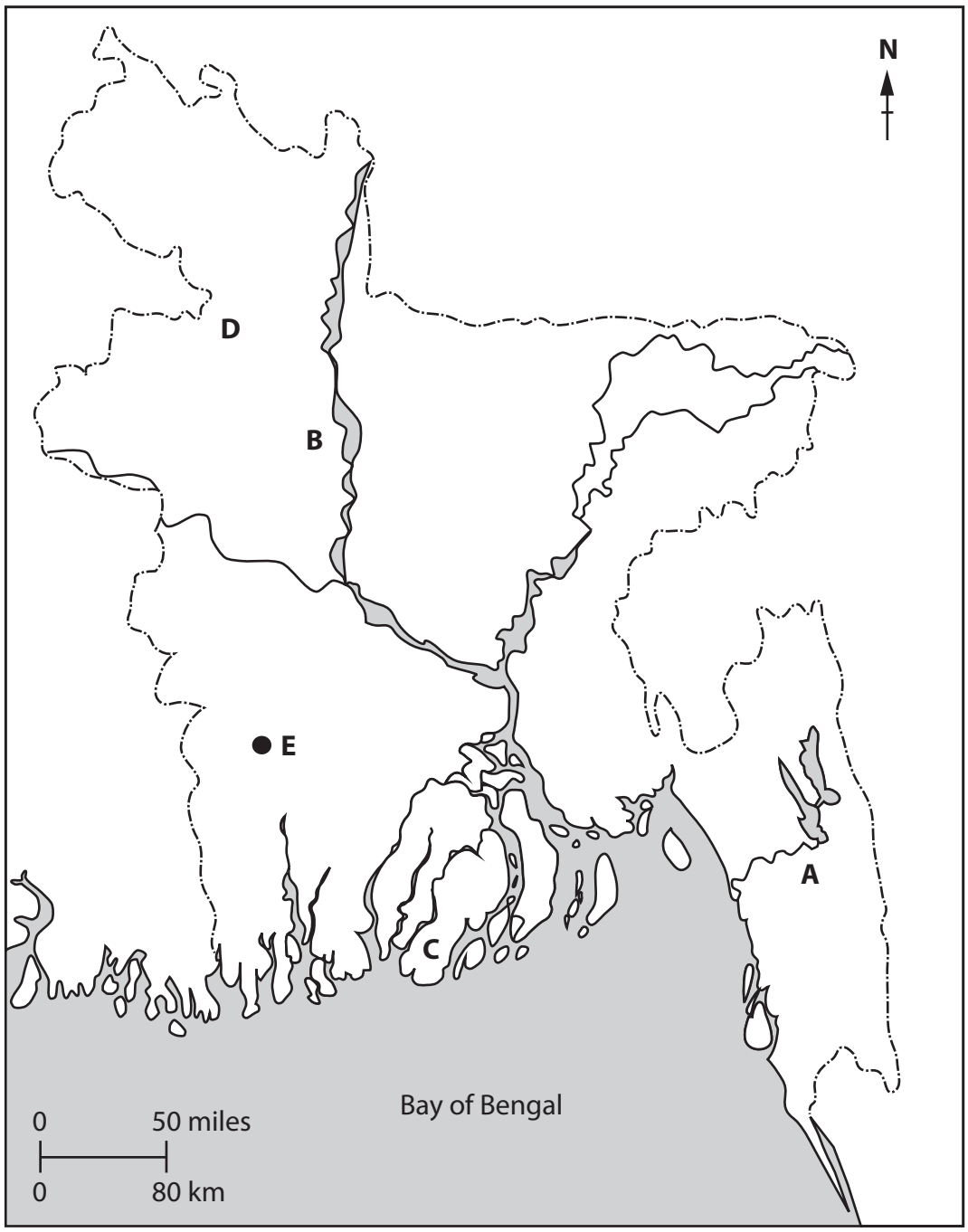


Figure 1

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA
DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA
DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA
DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA
DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

(a) Name the following features on the map:

(i) the physical region at A

(1)

(ii) the river at B

(1)

(iii) the vegetation at C

(1)

(iv) the resource at D

(1)

(v) the city at E

(1)

(b) (i) Name the mountains located to the north of the Bangladesh border.

(1)

(ii) In which continent is Bangladesh located?

(1)

(iii) Name the Tropic (line of latitude) that runs through Bangladesh.

(1)

(c) Give **one** example of each of the following found in Bangladesh.

(2)

1. social inequality

2. cultural diversity

(d) (i) What is meant by the term **economic globalisation**?

(2)

.....

.....

.....

.....

(ii) Identify **three** ways in which economic globalisation is affecting Bangladesh.

(3)

1 .....

.....

2 .....

.....

3 .....

.....

(Total for Question 1 = 15 marks)

TOTAL FOR SECTION A = 15 MARKS

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA
DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA
DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA
DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA
DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

SECTION B

Answer EITHER Question 2 OR Question 3 in this Section.

If you answer Question 2 put a cross in the box ☒.

2 (a) Study Figure 2 which shows a river in Bangladesh.



Figure 2

(i) Name the landform at X.

(1)

.....

(ii) Describe how the landform at X was formed.

(2)

.....

.....

.....

.....

(iii) Name **two** ways in which the landform at X might be used by people.

(2)

1 .....

.....

2 .....

.....

(b) (i) Humidity is an element of climate. Name **one** other element of climate.

(1)

.....

(ii) State the **three** main seasons of Bangladesh's climate.

(3)

1 .....

2 .....

3 .....

(c) Explain why it is important to manage the rivers of Bangladesh.

(6)

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

(Total for Question 2 = 15 marks)

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA
DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA
DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA
DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA
DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

If you answer Question 3 put a cross in the box ☒.

3 (a) Study Figure 3 which shows the distribution of natural gas fields in Bangladesh.

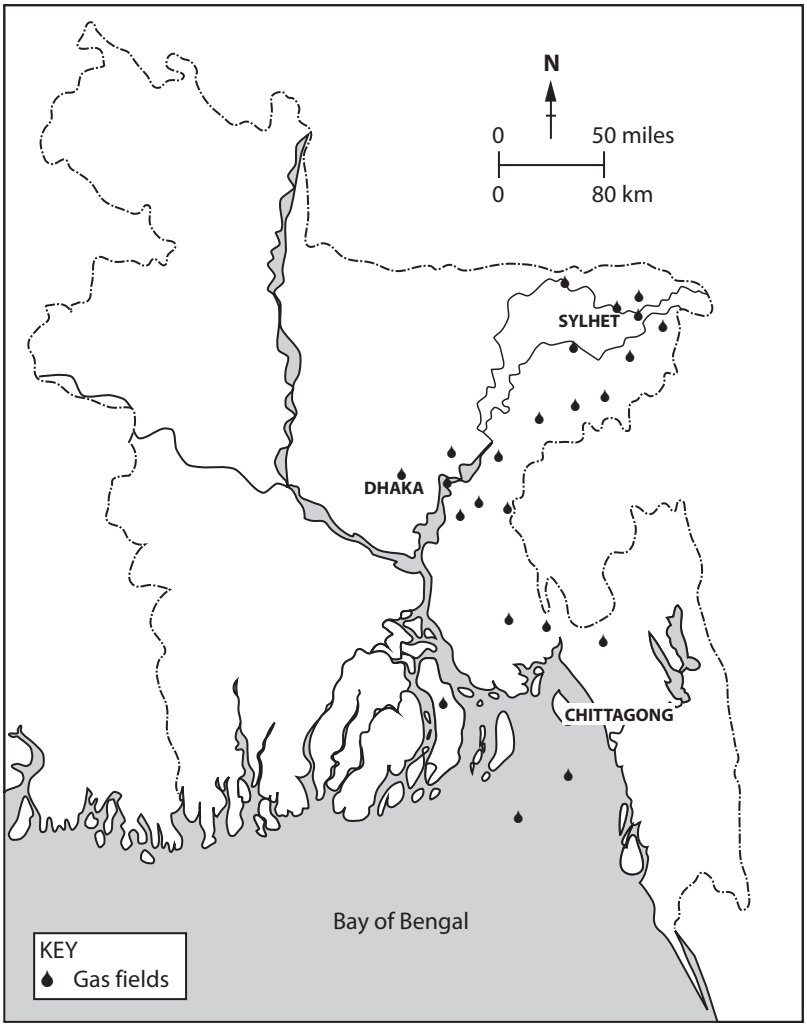


Figure 3

(i) In which part of Bangladesh are most of the natural gas fields located?

(1)

.....

(ii) Natural gas is a **fossil fuel**. Name **two** other fossil fuels.

(2)

1 .....

2 .....

(iii) Why are fossil fuels described as **non-renewable**?

(2)

.....

.....

.....

.....

(b) (i) What is meant by the term **natural hazard**?

(2)

.....

.....

.....

.....

(ii) Give **two** examples of a climatic natural hazard.

(2)

1 .....

2 .....

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA
DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA
DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA
DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA
DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

(c) Explain why it is important to manage the forests of Bangladesh.

(6)

(Total for Question 3 = 15 marks)

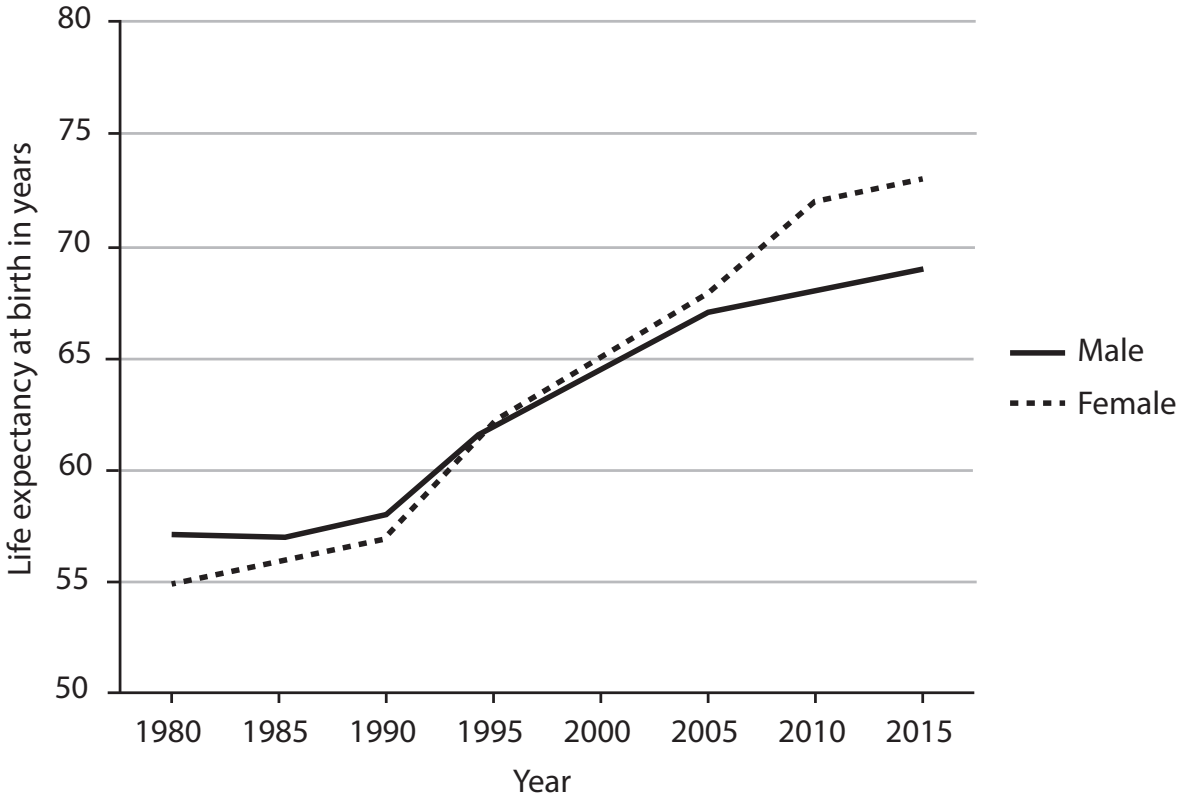
TOTAL FOR SECTION B = 15 MARKS

SECTION C

Answer EITHER Question 4 OR Question 5 in this Section.

If you answer Question 4 put a cross in the box ☒.

4 (a) Study Figure 4 which shows changes in life expectancy in Bangladesh between 1980 and 2014.



(Source: World Bank)

Figure 4

(i) What was the trend in both male and female life expectancy between 1980 and 2014?

(1)

.....

(ii) Name **one** factor that would explain this trend.

(1)

.....

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA
DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA
DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

(iii) Describe how the difference between male and female life expectancy changed from 1980 to 2014.

(3)

(b) (i) What is meant by the term **population density**?

(1)

(ii) Name **one** location in Bangladesh with a very high population density.

(1)

(iii) Give **two** reasons for the very high population density in the location named in (ii).

(2)

1

2

(c) Explain why people are emigrating from Bangladesh.

(6)

(Total for Question 4 = 15 marks)

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA
DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA
DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA
DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA
DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

If you answer Question 5 put a cross in the box ☒.

5 (a) Study Figure 5 which gives some information about poverty in Bangladesh.

> At least 54 million people in Bangladesh live on less than $1 (USD) a day. This is over one third of the population. Approximately 28% of the urban population lives in poverty, compared to 36% in rural areas.

Figure 5

(i) Low income is an indicator of poverty. Name **two** other possible indicators.

(2)

1 .....

2 .....

(ii) Give **two** reasons why there is more poverty in the rural areas of Bangladesh.

(2)

1 .....

.....

2 .....

.....

(iii) Suggest **one** way of reducing poverty in rural areas in Bangladesh.

(1)

.....

.....

(b) (i) What is meant by the term **urbanisation**?

(2)

(ii) Why is urbanisation increasing in Bangladesh?

(2)

(c) Explain why it is important to improve the status of women in Bangladesh.

(6)

(Total for Question 5 = 15 marks)

TOTAL FOR SECTION C = 15 MARKS

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA
DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA
DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA
DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA
DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

SECTION D

Answer EITHER Question 6 OR Question 7 in this Section.

If you answer Question 6 put a cross in the box ☒.

6 (a) Study Figure 6 which shows the destinations of ready-made garment (RMG) exports from Bangladesh in 2012.

RMG exports by destination
(Billions of $)

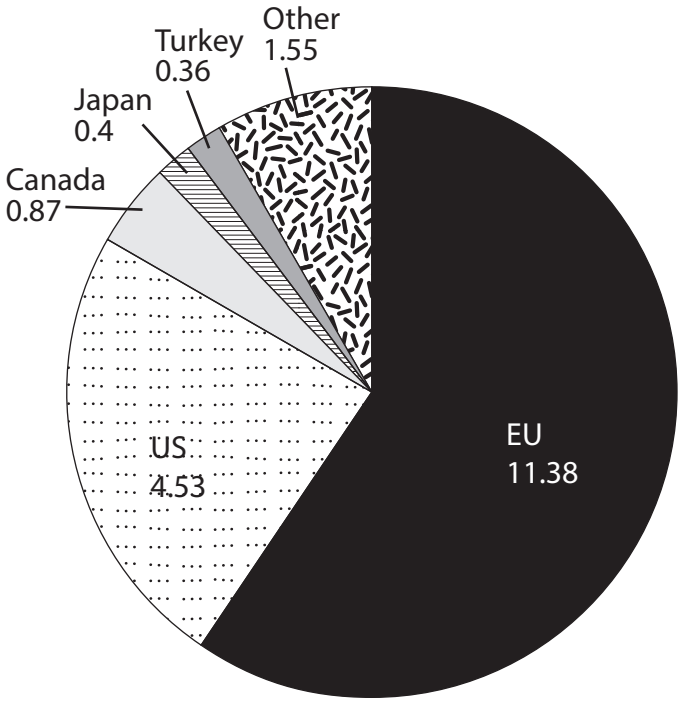


Figure 6

(i) Which destination received the second largest amount of RMG exports from Bangladesh?

(1)

.....

(ii) Suggest why **two** main destinations import 80% of the total exports of RMG.

(2)

.....

.....

.....

.....

(iii) Name **one** other major export from Bangladesh.

(1)

.....

(b) (i) The growth of manufacturing requires a supply of labour.

Name **two** other requirements for the growth of manufacturing.

(2)

1 .....

2 .....

(ii) State **three** of the main labour issues in Bangladesh today.

(3)

1 .....

2 .....

3 .....

(c) Explain the problems caused by the Green Revolution in Bangladesh.

(6)

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

(Total for Question 6 = 15 marks)

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA
DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA
DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA
DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA
DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

If you answer Question 7 put a cross in the box ☒.

7 (a) Study Figure 7 which shows a new shopping mall in the centre of Dhaka.



(Source: http://imgkid.com/bashundhara-city.shtml)

Figure 7

(i) Which economic sector includes shopping?

(1)

.....

(ii) Name **one** other activity in that sector.

(1)

.....

(iii) Suggest **two** ways in which shopping can benefit other sectors of the economy.

(2)

1 .....

.....

2 .....

.....

(b) (i) What is meant by the term **literacy**?

(2)

(ii) The literacy rate is an indicator of a country's development.

Give **three** other possible indicators of development.

(3)

1 .....

2 .....

3 .....

(c) Explain why the informal sector is an important part of Bangladesh's economy.

(6)

(Total for Question 7 = 15 marks)

TOTAL FOR SECTION D = 15 MARKS
TOTAL FOR PAPER = 60 MARKS

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA
DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA
DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA
DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA
DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

BLANK PAGE

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

BLANK PAGE

Every effort has been made to contact copyright holders to obtain their permission for the use of copyright material. Pearson Education Ltd. will, if notified, be happy to rectify any errors or omissions and include any such rectifications in future editions.