

Mark Scheme (Results)

Summer 2012

International GCSE

Biology (4BI0) Paper 1B

Science Double Award (4SC0) Paper 1B

Edexcel Level 1/Level 2 Certificate

Biology (KBI0) Paper 1B

Science (Double Award) (KSC0) Paper 1B

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Summer 2012

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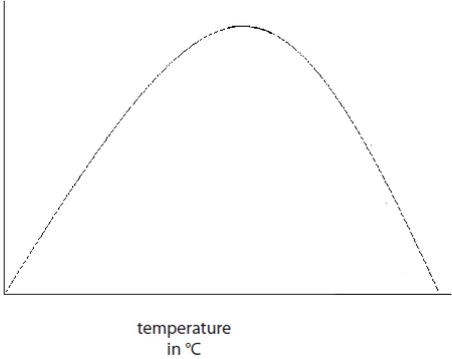
INTERNATIONAL GCSE BIOLOGY PAPER 1B – SUMMER 2012

| Question number | Answer | | | Notes | Marks |
|--------------------------------|---|--------|---------|---|-------|
| 1 (a) | Feature | Plants | Animals | 4 marks all correct 3 marks for 6 or 7 2 marks for 4 or 5 1 marks for 2 or 3 0 marks for 0 or 1 blank squares = wrong tick cross combined = wrong | 4 |
| can move from place to place | (X) | (√) | | | |
| can carry out photosynthesis | √ | X; | | | |
| are multicellular | √ | √; | | | |
| have cells with cell walls | √ | X; | | | |
| store carbohydrate as glycogen | X | √; | | | |
| (b) | fungi; bacteria / prokaryotes; protocists / protozoa; viruses; | | | allow singular or plural ignore parasites / microorganisms / specific names eg cholera / amoeba | Max 2 |

Total 6 marks

| Question number | Answer | Notes | Marks | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|--|---|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|------|-----|--------------------|-------|-------|----------------|------|-----|---|---|
| 2 (a) | <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="344 342 564 521">Name of blood vessel</th> <th data-bbox="564 342 791 521">Diameter of the lumen in mm</th> <th data-bbox="791 342 1027 521">Thickness of the wall in mm</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="344 521 564 629"><u>vena cava</u>;</td> <td data-bbox="564 521 791 629">30.0</td> <td data-bbox="791 521 1027 629">1.5</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="344 629 564 736"><u>capillary</u>;</td> <td data-bbox="564 629 791 736">0.006</td> <td data-bbox="791 629 1027 736">0.001</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="344 736 564 844"><u>aorta</u>;</td> <td data-bbox="564 736 791 844">25.0</td> <td data-bbox="791 736 1027 844">2.0</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | Name of blood vessel | Diameter of the lumen in mm | Thickness of the wall in mm | <u>vena cava</u> ; | 30.0 | 1.5 | <u>capillary</u> ; | 0.006 | 0.001 | <u>aorta</u> ; | 25.0 | 2.0 | 2 for all 3 correct 1 for 1 or 2 correct | 2 |
| Name of blood vessel | Diameter of the lumen in mm | Thickness of the wall in mm | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <u>vena cava</u> ; | 30.0 | 1.5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <u>capillary</u> ; | 0.006 | 0.001 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <u>aorta</u> ; | 25.0 | 2.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (b) (i) | <u>aorta</u> ; | ignore 0.001mm thick / small / ref to surface area to volume reject ref to thin <u>cell wall</u> wrong named blood vessel = 0 for whole item | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (ii) | <u>vena cava</u> ; | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (iii) | capillary; one cell thick / thin (wall/membrane) / short diffusion distance / low pressure / slow blood flow / eq; | | 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Total 6 marks

| Question number | Answer | Notes | Marks |
|-----------------|--|---|-------|
| 3 (a) | keep out oxygen; <u>anaerobic</u> / prevent <u>aerobic</u> idea / eq; | respiration alone gets no credit | 2 |
| (b) (i) |  <p>rate of carbon dioxide production in bubbles per minute</p> <p>temperature in °C</p> <p>starts low and rises; peak / level / rise less steep; down;</p> | inverted = 0 | 3 |
| (ii) | carbon dioxide / CO ₂ (production); | | 1 |
| (iii) | temperature; | | 1 |
| (c) | <p>volume of glucose; concentration / mass of glucose;</p> <p>mass / volume / number / of yeast; species / type of yeast; pH of <u>solution</u>;</p> | <p>allow amount / quantity</p> <p>ignore volume of water in bath ignore room temperature ignore ref to oxygen ignore ref to oil</p> | 2 |
| (d) | repeat / eq; | | 1 |
| (e) | volume of gas / measuring cylinder / syringe / eq; | | 1 |

| Question number | Answer | Notes | Marks |
|-----------------|---|---|-------|
| 3 (f) | glucose; → ethanol/alcohol; + carbon dioxide; | ignore yeast on left hand side of equation but reject if any other substance used ignore energy / heat allow symbols only if correct eg CO ₂ = 0 CO ₂ = 1 | 3 |

Total 14 marks

| Question number | Answer | Notes | Marks | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|---|---|-------|------------------|------|----------|----------|---------|------------|--------|--|--|---|
| 4 (a) (i) | <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="395 320 675 421">Structure</th> <th data-bbox="683 320 954 421">Organ</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="395 432 675 566">Spongy mesophyll</td> <td data-bbox="683 432 954 566">leaf</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="395 577 675 678">Alveolus</td> <td data-bbox="683 577 954 678">lung(s);</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="395 689 675 790">Nephron</td> <td data-bbox="683 689 954 790">kidney(s);</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="395 801 675 969">Villus</td> <td data-bbox="683 801 954 969"><u>small</u> intestine / duodenum / ileum;</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | Structure | Organ | Spongy mesophyll | leaf | Alveolus | lung(s); | Nephron | kidney(s); | Villus | <u>small</u> intestine / duodenum / ileum; | | 3 |
| Structure | Organ | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Spongy mesophyll | leaf | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Alveolus | lung(s); | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Nephron | kidney(s); | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Villus | <u>small</u> intestine / duodenum / ileum; | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (b) (i) | <p>movement of molecules/particles/gases/named molecule;</p> <p>high conc. to low conc. / down concentration gradient / eq;</p> <p>passive / eq;</p> | <p>ignore <u>substances</u></p> <p>allow along concentration gradient</p> | Max 2 | | | | | | | | | | |
| (c) | ultrafiltration / pressure; glomerulus / Bowman's capsule / renal capsule; | ignore filtered alone | 2 | | | | | | | | | | |

Total 7 marks

| Question number | Answer | Notes | Marks |
|-----------------|---|---|-------|
| 5 (a) (i) | enzymes; kinetic energy / more collisions / molecules move faster / eq; (more) photosynthesis; (more) carbohydrate / glucose / eq; energy / respiration; | ignore reactions alone ignore ref to transpiration / diffusion ignore food | Max 3 |
| (ii) | minerals / ions / salts / nutrients / eq; named mineral 1; function of named mineral 1; named mineral 2; function of named mineral 2; | eg. nitrate (ignore nitrogen) / ammonium for; amino acids / protein; if nitrogen ignored still allow function mark magnesium; for chlorophyll/chloroplast; phosphate for; ATP / DNA / eq; ignore NPK | Max 3 |
| (b) (i) | ladybird / eq; aphid / eq; | accept any predator prey eg birds eating caterpillars ignore 'predator' eats a 'pest' | 2 |
| (ii) | 1. lasts longer / no need to reapply / eq; 2. specific / no harm to other species; 3. no bioaccumulation / no biomagnification / eq; 4. no resistance; ignore immunity 5. no harm/affect to food chain(s) / eq; | accept converse answers that refer to chemical pesticide ignore ref to eutrophication ignore pollution / harm to habitat / eq ignore cost ignore ref to not harming crops/safer for humans | 3 |

Total 11 marks

| Question number | Answer | Notes | Marks |
|-----------------|---|--|-------|
| 6 (a) (i) | respiration / energy; | | 1 |
| (ii) | active transport / active uptake; low to high conc. / against conc. gradient / eq; | ignore across concentration gradient | 2 |
| (iii) | chlorophyll / chloroplasts; photosynthesis / absorb light / eq; | | 2 |
| (b) | 1. variation (in Ash borers) / eq; 2. <u>mutation</u> / <u>mutate(s)</u> / <u>mutated</u> ; 3. not eaten / not attacked / avoided / eq; 4. <u>survive(s)</u> / <u>survival</u> / <u>survived</u> ; 5. reproduce / breed / mated / multiply / eq; 6. pass on gene(s) / allele(s) / eq; 7. process continues over time / eq; | | Max 4 |

Total 9 marks

| Question number | Answer | Notes | Marks |
|-----------------|--|---|-------|
| 7 (a) (i) | parents: Aa Aa; gametes: A a A a; offspring: AA Aa Aa aa; phenotypes: short short short average; | allow parent, gamete and offspring marks in Punnett square if parent genotypes wrong allow ecf to max of 3 for gametes, offspring and phenotypes allow if other symbols used allow other terms for short and average eg achondroplasia and tall only give phenotype mark if it is clear that candidate knows there are three short and one average a statement that the phenotypes are short and average = 0 | 4 |
| (b) | $\frac{1}{4}$ / 25% / 0.25 / 1 in 4 / eq; | ecf | 1 |

| Question number | Answer | Notes | Marks |
|-----------------|--|---|-------|
| 7 (c) (i) | always / in heterozygote / in both heterozygote and homozygote / eq; expressed / seen / shown / determines characteristic / develops the trait / (in phenotype) / eq; | ignore stronger / overpowers / masks | Max 2 |
| (ii) | 1. those with achondroplasia less likely to have children / reproduce / eq; 2. allele is rare / eq; 3. selective advantage for aa / eq; | allow converse for all points allow health implications for achondroplasia | Max 2 |

Total 9 marks

| Question number | Answer | Notes | Marks |
|-----------------|---|---|-------|
| 8 (a) | S scale linear and at least half grid; L lines neat and through points; A1 axes correct way round; A2 axes labelled <u>temperature</u> and <u>midpoint/period/year</u> ; U <u>°C</u> ; P 1795 and 1995 plotted correct; | annotate using the letters provided extrapolation loses P mark | 6 |
| (b) | 1695-1720; | | 1 |
| (c) (i) | water <u>vapour</u> / carbon dioxide / nitrous oxide / methane / CFCs / ozone; | allow any oxide of nitrogen | 1 |
| (ii) | traps heat / reflects infra red / reflects long wave radiation / contributes to global warming / eq; | ignore contributes to greenhouse effect | 1 |
| (iii) | 1. burning / combustion / eq; 2. fossil fuels / coal / oil / gas; 3. cars / planes / factories / trains / power stations / eq; 4. <u>cattle</u> farming / <u>rice</u> farming; 5. deforestation; 6. fridges / aerosols (CFCs); | ignore petrol | 3 |

Total 12 marks

| Question number | Answer | | | Notes | Marks |
|-----------------------|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|-------|
| 9 (a) | runners / corms / bulbs / tubers / rhizomes; | | | ignore cuttings / cloning / vegetative propagation / micropropagation / tissue culture | 1 |
| (b) | Feature | Sexual reproduction in plants | Sexual reproduction in animals | | 3 |
| male gametes | (pollen nucleus) | sperm; | | | |
| site of fertilisation | <u>ovule</u> ; | oviduct / fallopian tube / eq; | | | |
| (c) | <p>1. indication of number and size difference; eg .more sperm + smaller / less eggs + larger / more sperm + larger egg / less eggs + smaller sperm</p> <p>2. sperm: better chance of fertilisation / swim easier / eq egg: more cytoplasm / more nutrition / eq;</p> | | | | 2 |

Total 6 marks

| Question number | Answer | Notes | Marks |
|-----------------|---|--|-------|
| 10 (a) | stomata / guard cells; <u>spongy</u> (mesophyll) / <u>spongy</u> (layer) / air spaces / eq; moist; thin; large surface area; | ignore wide and flat | Max 3 |
| (b) | $6\text{CO}_2 + 6\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightarrow \text{C}_6\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_6 + 6\text{O}_2$; $\text{CO}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightarrow \text{C}_6\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_6 + \text{O}_2 = 1$ | allow one mark for correct equation and correct formula and a second mark for correct balance formula wrong = 0 eg. $\text{CO}_2 = \text{wrong}$ but $\text{CO}_2 = \text{correct}$ reject word equation ignore light/chlorophyll/energy | 2 |
| (c) (i) | dark for 12 hours plus; | | 1 |
| (ii) | keep in dark / no light / cover leaf surface / eq; | | 1 |
| (iii) | boil/heat/warm in ethanol/alcohol; safety: water bath / no flame / eq; iodine; blue black / eq; | tube of ethanol in water bath = 2 ignore tongs / gloves etc allow black / dark black / dark blue / blue | 3 |

Total 10 marks

| Question number | Answer | Notes | Marks | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|---------------------------|--|---|---|--|---|
| 11 (a) (i) | (-)10.62 / (-)10.6;; allow one mark for 9.76 or 1.16 in working however used | ignore minus sign ignore additional decimal places | 2 | | | | | | | | |
| (ii) | idea of <u>less</u> oxygen /eq; (less) respiration / energy; low yield / less growth / smaller fish / eq; | ignore idea of high oxygen needed for growth ignore death ignore number | Max 2 | | | | | | | | |
| (b) | <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Method</th> <th>How method increases fish production</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>adding antibiotics to the water</td> <td>control disease / kill bacteria / parasites / pathogens / eq;</td> </tr> <tr> <td>using nets to cover tanks</td> <td>protect fish being eaten by predators / named predator / prevent escape;</td> </tr> <tr> <td>feeding small quantities of food frequently</td> <td>all eaten / no waste / no decay / less eutrophication / less bacterial growth / eq;</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | Method | How method increases fish production | adding antibiotics to the water | control disease / kill bacteria / parasites / pathogens / eq; | using nets to cover tanks | protect fish being eaten by predators / named predator / prevent escape; | feeding small quantities of food frequently | all eaten / no waste / no decay / less eutrophication / less bacterial growth / eq; | ignore competition ignore ref to energy / nutrients ignore overfeeding ignore pollution | 3 |
| Method | How method increases fish production | | | | | | | | | | |
| adding antibiotics to the water | control disease / kill bacteria / parasites / pathogens / eq; | | | | | | | | | | |
| using nets to cover tanks | protect fish being eaten by predators / named predator / prevent escape; | | | | | | | | | | |
| feeding small quantities of food frequently | all eaten / no waste / no decay / less eutrophication / less bacterial growth / eq; | | | | | | | | | | |
| (c) | digested / broken down; amino acids / (poly)peptides; stomach; protease / named protease enzyme (ONCE); HCl / acid / low pH / eq; small intestine / duodenum / ileum; bile / neutralise /alkaline / eq; <u>optimum</u> pH (ONCE) | ignore pepsinogen / trypsinogen accept name of enzyme if in incorrect part of gut | Max 5 | | | | | | | | |

Total 12 marks

| Question number | Answer | Notes | Marks |
|-----------------|---|--|-------|
| 12 (a) (i) | hypothalamus / pituitary; | | 1 |
| (ii) | 1. <u>collecting</u> duct; 2. more permeable / eq; 3. (more) water (re)absorbed (into blood) / blood more dilute / eq; 4. <u>osmosis</u> ; 5. urine concentrated / less water in urine / less urine; | 1. ignore nephron 2. ignore changes permeability 3. allow water potential concept if used correctly | 3 |
| (b) | 1. fast(er) (versus slow(er)); 2. electrical/impulse (versus chemical); 3. neurones (versus blood); 4. short(er) lasting (versus long(er) lasting); 5. target cells (versus all around body); | nervous / hormone point alone = accept 'it' is faster – assume nerves discussed allow two ways if in same numbered section | Max 2 |
| (c) | light all around: straight and taller than start; light from side: grows towards light; darkness: straight and taller than light all around after two days; | | 3 |
| (d) | down / positively geotropic / toward gravity / eq; anchor / hold plant / stability / eq; (obtain) water / mineral ions / nutrients / eq; | | 3 |

Total 12 marks

| Question number | Answer | Notes | Marks |
|-----------------|--|---|-------|
| 13 | <p>C indoors / outdoors / eq;</p> <p>O same species / size / age / breed / gender / eq;</p> <p>R repeats / groups / lots / some chickens / eq;</p> <p>M1 mass / length / eq ;</p> <p>M2 time period <u>stated</u>;</p> <p>S1 one variable controlled;</p> <p>S2 another variable controlled;</p> | <p>eg. 2 inside and 2 outside</p> <p>allow if at start or at end</p> <p>at least one day</p> <p>eg. mass of food / same food / area / water / light / eq</p> <p>ignore temperature ignore environment</p> | Max 6 |

Total 6 marks

PAPER TOTAL: 120 MARKS

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