

Please check the examination details below before entering your candidate information

Candidate surname	Other names
Centre Number	Candidate Number
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Pearson Edexcel International GCSE

Tuesday 28 October 2025

Morning (Time: 2 hours)	Paper reference	4PM1/01
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Further Pure Mathematics

PAPER 1



Calculators may be used.	Total Marks
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Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions.
- Without sufficient working, correct answers may be awarded no marks.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided – *there may be more space than you need.*
- You must **NOT** write anything on the formulae page. Anything you write on the formulae page will gain NO credit.

Information

- The total mark for this paper is 100.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets – *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.*

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ►

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International GCSE in Further Pure Mathematics Formulae sheet

MensurationSurface area of sphere = $4\pi r^2$ Curved surface area of cone = $\pi r \times$ slant heightVolume of sphere = $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$ **Series****Arithmetic series**Sum to n terms, $S_n = \frac{n}{2}[2a + (n-1)d]$ **Geometric series**Sum to n terms, $S_n = \frac{a(1-r^n)}{(1-r)}$ Sum to infinity, $S_\infty = \frac{a}{1-r}$ $|r| < 1$ **Binomial series** $(1+x)^n = 1 + nx + \frac{n(n-1)}{2!}x^2 + \dots + \frac{n(n-1)\dots(n-r+1)}{r!}x^r + \dots$ for $|x| < 1, n \in \mathbb{Q}$ **Calculus****Quotient rule (differentiation)**

$$\frac{d}{dx}\left(\frac{f(x)}{g(x)}\right) = \frac{f'(x)g(x) - f(x)g'(x)}{[g(x)]^2}$$

Trigonometry**Cosine rule**In triangle ABC : $a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta}$$

$$\sin(A+B) = \sin A \cos B + \cos A \sin B$$

$$\sin(A-B) = \sin A \cos B - \cos A \sin B$$

$$\cos(A+B) = \cos A \cos B - \sin A \sin B$$

$$\cos(A-B) = \cos A \cos B + \sin A \sin B$$

$$\tan(A+B) = \frac{\tan A + \tan B}{1 - \tan A \tan B}$$

$$\tan(A-B) = \frac{\tan A - \tan B}{1 + \tan A \tan B}$$

Logarithms

$$\log_a x = \frac{\log_b x}{\log_b a}$$

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Question 2 continued

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Area with horizontal dotted lines for writing.

(Total for Question 2 is 5 marks)



Question 3 continued

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Handwriting practice area consisting of 28 horizontal dotted lines.

(Total for Question 3 is 6 marks)



Question 4 continued

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A large rectangular area with rounded corners, containing numerous horizontal dotted lines for writing.



Question 4 continued

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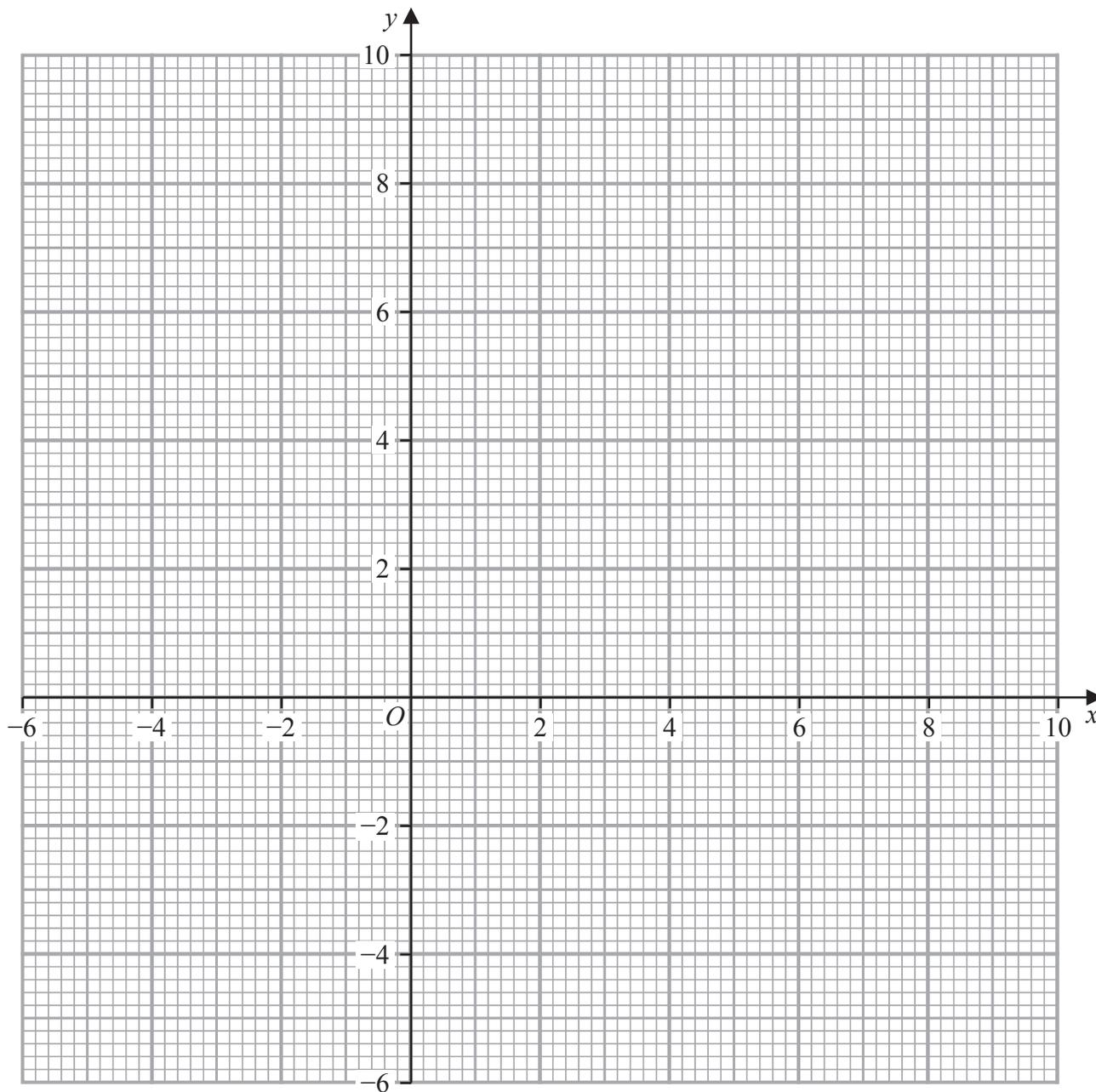
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(Total for Question 4 is 8 marks)



Question 5 continued



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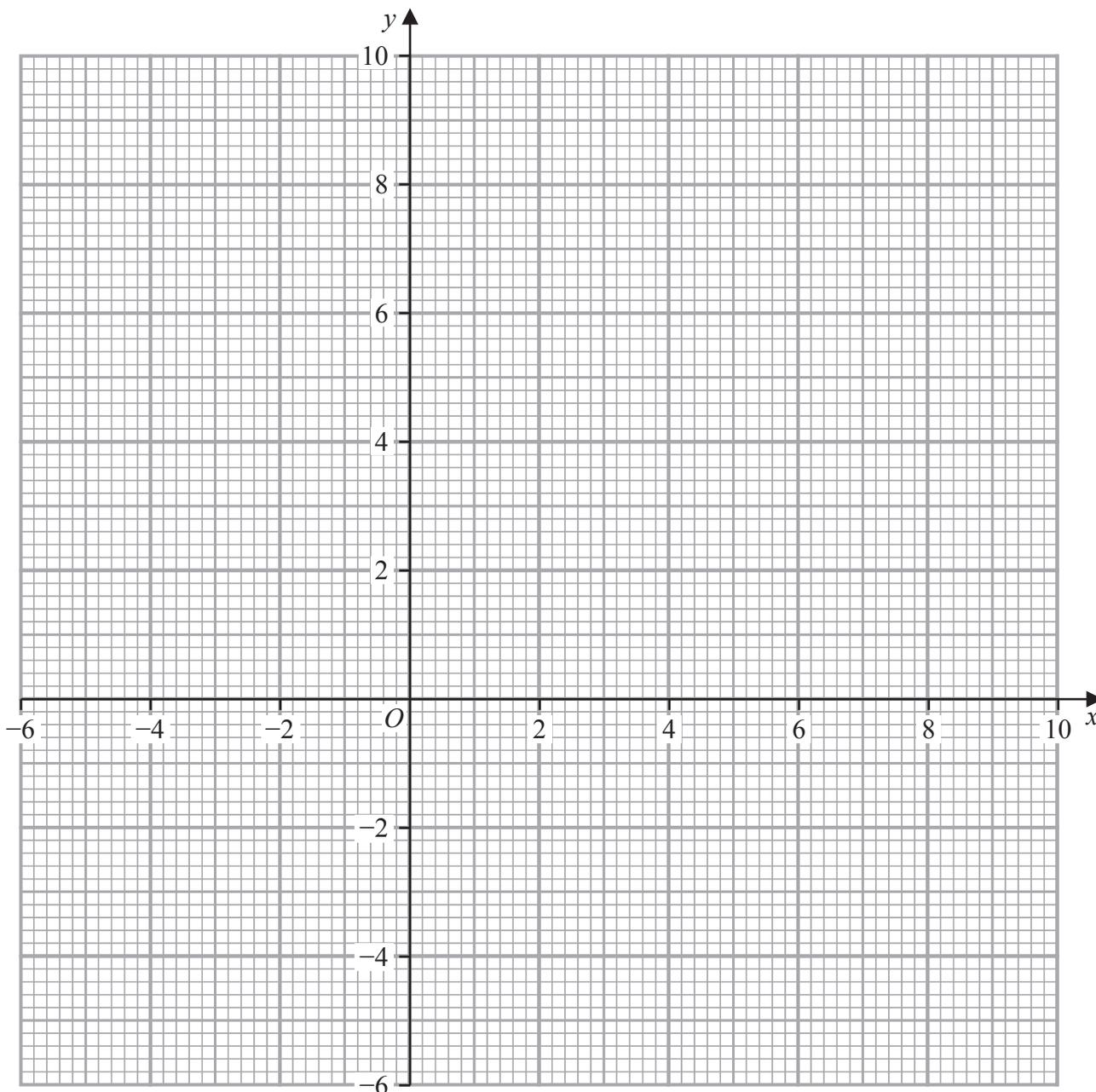
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Turn over for a spare grid if you need to redraw your graph.



Question 5 continued

Only use this grid if you need to redraw your graph.



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(Total for Question 5 is 8 marks)



Question 6 continued

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(Total for Question 6 is 8 marks)



Question 7 continued

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A large rectangular area with horizontal dotted lines for writing.



Question 7 continued

Handwritten area with horizontal dotted lines for writing.

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Question 7 continued

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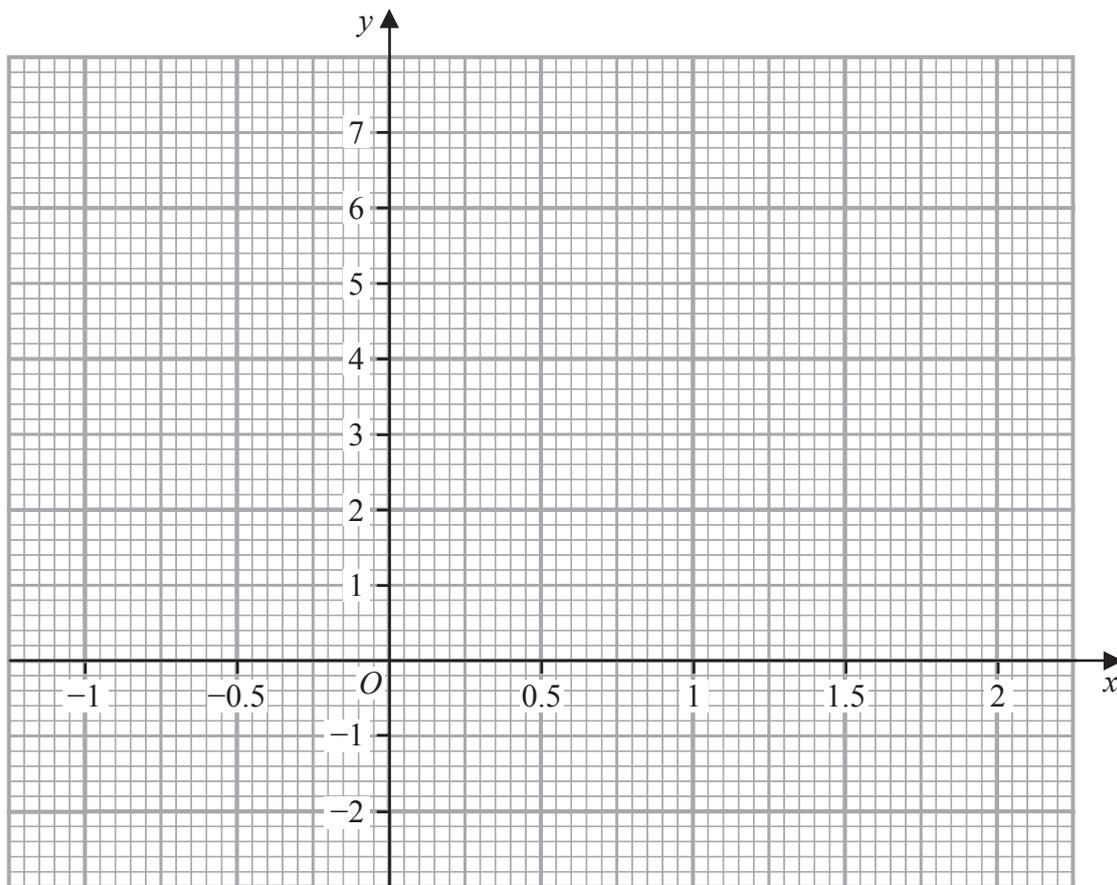
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(Total for Question 7 is 10 marks)



Question 8 continued



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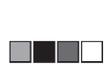
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Turn over for a spare grid if you need to redraw your graph.



9

Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

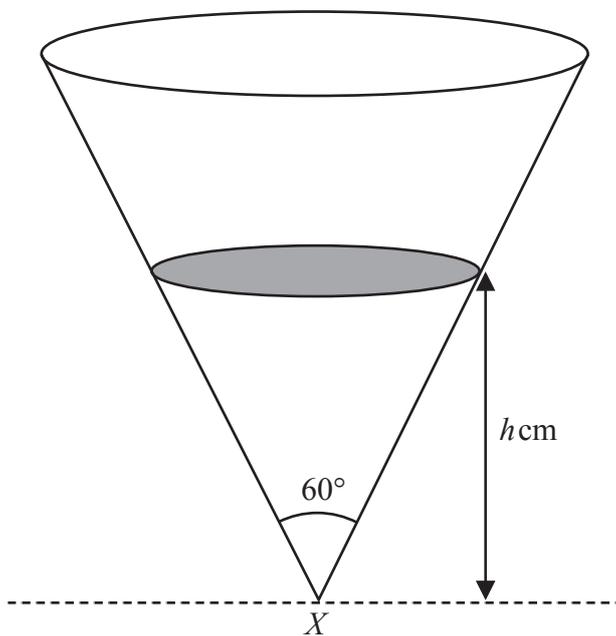


Figure 2

Figure 2 shows a hollow right circular cone fixed with its axis of symmetry vertical.

The vertical angle of the cone is 60°
Initially the cone is empty.

At time $t = 0$ liquid starts to fill the cone at a constant rate of $0.2 \text{ cm}^3/\text{s}$
At time t seconds after the liquid starts to fill the cone, the height of the liquid is h cm above X

(a) Show that $h = \sqrt[3]{\frac{9t}{5\pi}}$ (5)

The surface area of the liquid, shown shaded in Figure 2, is increasing at a constant rate of $p \text{ cm}^2/\text{s}$ when $t = 6$

(b) Find, to 3 significant figures, the value of p (8)

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Question 9 continued

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Question 9 continued

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(Total for Question 9 is 13 marks)



10 The equation of the line L_1 is $y - 3x + a = 0$

The point A with coordinates $(a, 10)$ lies on L_1

(a) Show that $a = 5$ (2)

Line L_1 crosses the y -axis at the point B

(b) Write down the coordinates of B (1)

The point C with coordinates $(50, -5)$ lies on L_2

Given that L_2 passes through A

(c) (i) show that L_1 and L_2 are perpendicular (3)

(ii) hence find an equation for L_2 giving your answer in the form $y = px + q$ (2)

The point D has coordinates (m, n)

The length of CD is $15\sqrt{10}$ and the gradient of BD is -3

(d) Find the value of m and the value of n (6)

(e) Find the area of quadrilateral $ABCD$ (3)

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Question 10 continued

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Question 10 continued

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(Total for Question 10 is 17 marks)



Question 11 continued

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Area for writing answers, consisting of multiple horizontal dotted lines.



