

Write your name here

Surname

Other names

**Edexcel**

**International GCSE**

Centre Number

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Candidate Number

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# Mathematics B

**Paper 2** 



Wednesday 16 May 2012 – Morning

**Time: 2 hours 30 minutes**

Paper Reference

**4MB0/02**

**You must have:** Ruler graduated in centimetres and millimetres, protractor, compasses, pen, HB pencil, eraser, calculator. Tracing paper may be used.

Total Marks

## Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided – *there may be more space than you need.*
- **Calculators may be used.**

## Information

- The total mark for this paper is 100.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets – *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.*

## Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.
- Without sufficient working, correct answers may be awarded no marks.

Turn over ►

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**PEARSON**









3 (a) Calculate the size, in degrees, of an exterior angle of a regular pentagon.

(2)

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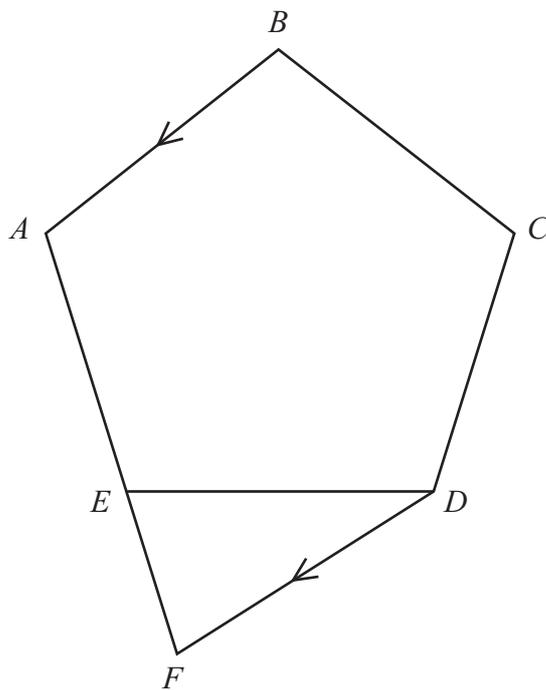


Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

**Figure 1**

In Figure 1,  $ABCDE$  is a regular pentagon.  $AE$  is extended to the point  $F$  such that  $DF$  is parallel to  $BA$ .

(b) Show, giving reasons, that triangle  $DEF$  is isosceles.

(4)

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**Question 3 continued**

Handwriting practice area consisting of 25 horizontal dotted lines for writing.

**(Total for Question 3 is 6 marks)**



4 One day a cinema showed the following four films

*The Taking of Algebra 123*  
*The Binary Knot*  
*Carry On Subtracting*  
*The Long Division*

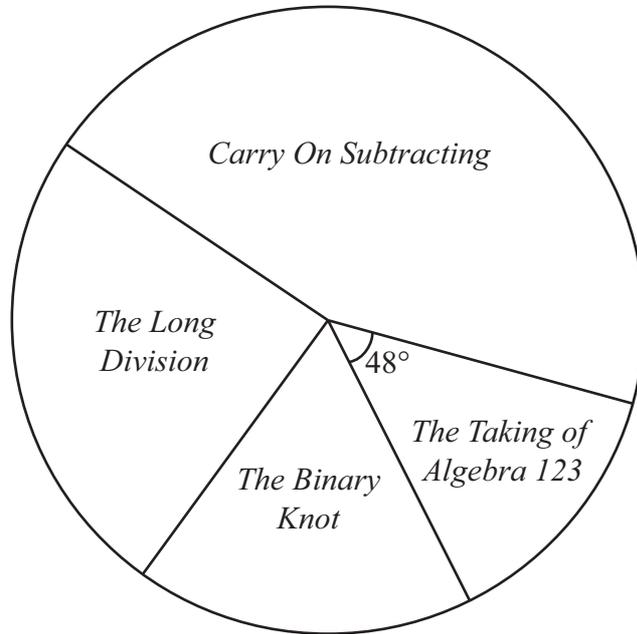


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**Figure 2**

The pie chart in Figure 2 shows information about the number of people who watched each film that day.

The angle of the sector for the film *The Taking of Algebra 123* is  $48^\circ$  and 80 people watched this film.

(a) Calculate the total number of people who watched these four films. (2)

The number of people who watched *The Binary Knot* was 115

(b) Calculate the angle of the sector for this film. (2)

The ratio of the number of people who watched *Carry on Subtracting* to the number of people who watched *The Long Division* was 2 : 1

(c) Calculate the number people who watched *Carry on Subtracting*. (2)

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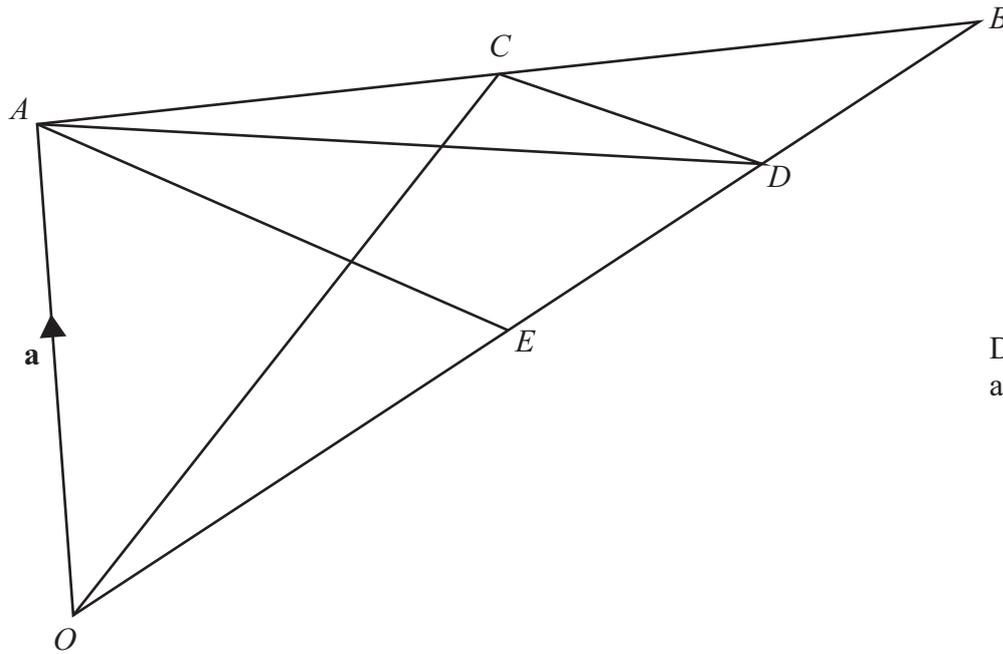


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**Figure 3**

In Figure 3,  $\overrightarrow{OA} = \mathbf{a}$  and  $\overrightarrow{OB} = \mathbf{b}$ .

The point  $C$  is the midpoint of  $AB$ .

(a) Find, in terms of  $\mathbf{a}$  and  $\mathbf{b}$ , simplifying your answer

(i)  $\overrightarrow{AB}$ ,

(ii)  $\overrightarrow{OC}$ .

(3)

The point  $D$  is on  $OB$  such that  $OD : DB = 3 : 1$

(b) Find, in terms of  $\mathbf{a}$  and  $\mathbf{b}$ , and simplifying your answer,  $\overrightarrow{CD}$ .

(3)

The point  $E$  is on  $OB$  such that  $\triangle BCD$  is similar to  $\triangle BAE$ .

(c) Find, in terms of  $\mathbf{a}$  and  $\mathbf{b}$ ,  $\overrightarrow{AE}$ .

(2)

(d) Write down the ratio of  $OE : EB$  in the form  $m : n$  where  $m$  and  $n$  are integers.

(1)

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**Question 6 continued**

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**(Total for Question 6 is 9 marks)**







8 The points  $(1, -1)$ ,  $(4, -2)$  and  $(3, -5)$  are the vertices of triangle  $A$ .

(a) On the grid, draw and label triangle  $A$ .

(1)

Triangle  $A$  is transformed to triangle  $B$  under the transformation with matrix  $\mathbf{N}$  where

$$\mathbf{N} = \begin{pmatrix} -2 & -1 \\ \frac{3}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

(b) Find the coordinates of the vertices of  $B$ .

(2)

(c) On the grid, draw and label  $B$ .

(1)

Triangle  $B$  is transformed to triangle  $C$  under the transformation with matrix  $\mathbf{M}$  where

$$\mathbf{M} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

(d) Find the coordinates of the vertices of  $C$ .

(2)

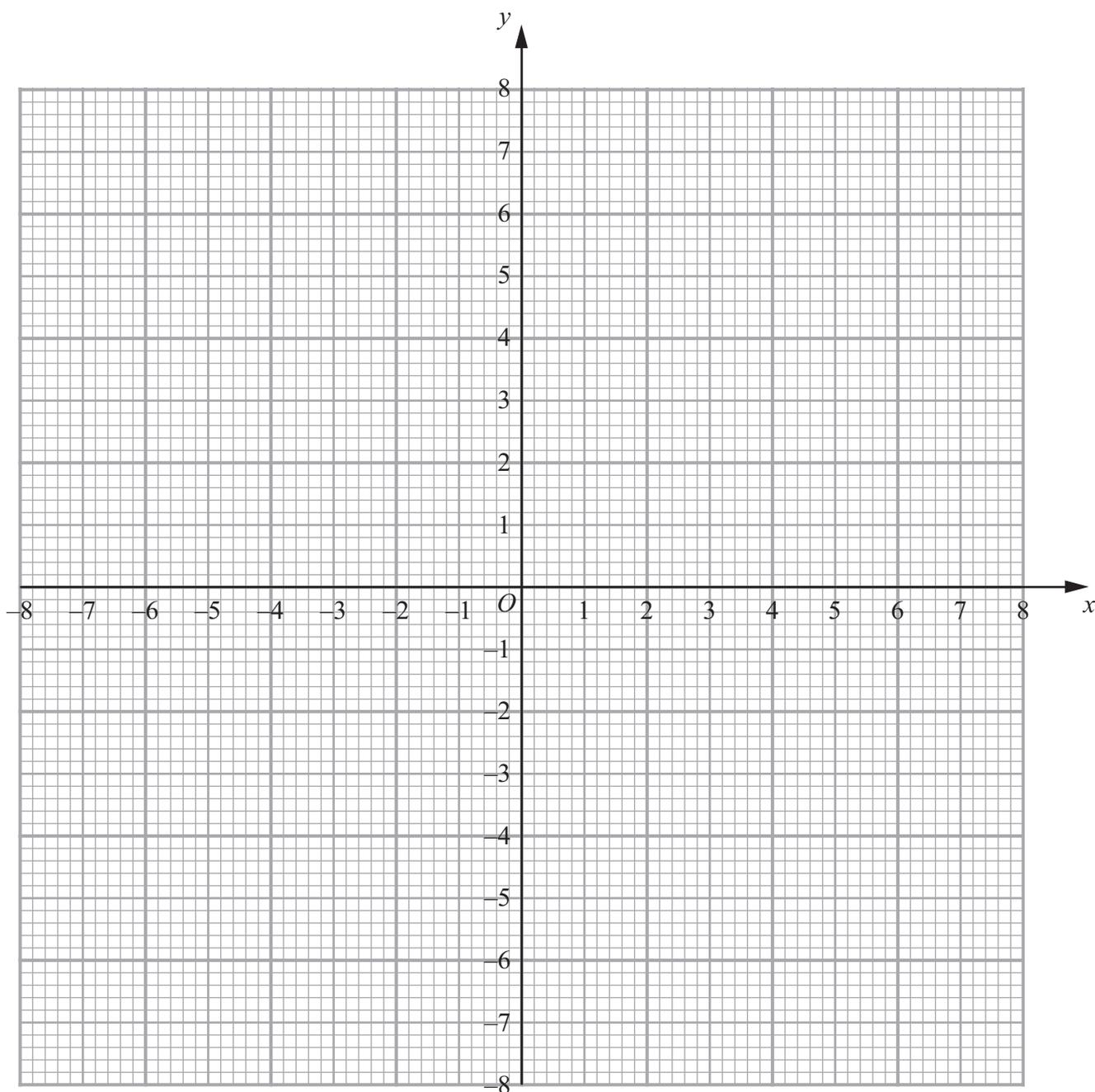
(e) On the grid, draw and label  $C$ .

(1)

(f) Describe fully the single transformation which maps triangle  $C$  onto triangle  $A$ .

(2)

Question 8 continued



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**Question 8 continued**

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**Question 9 continued**

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**Question 9 continued**

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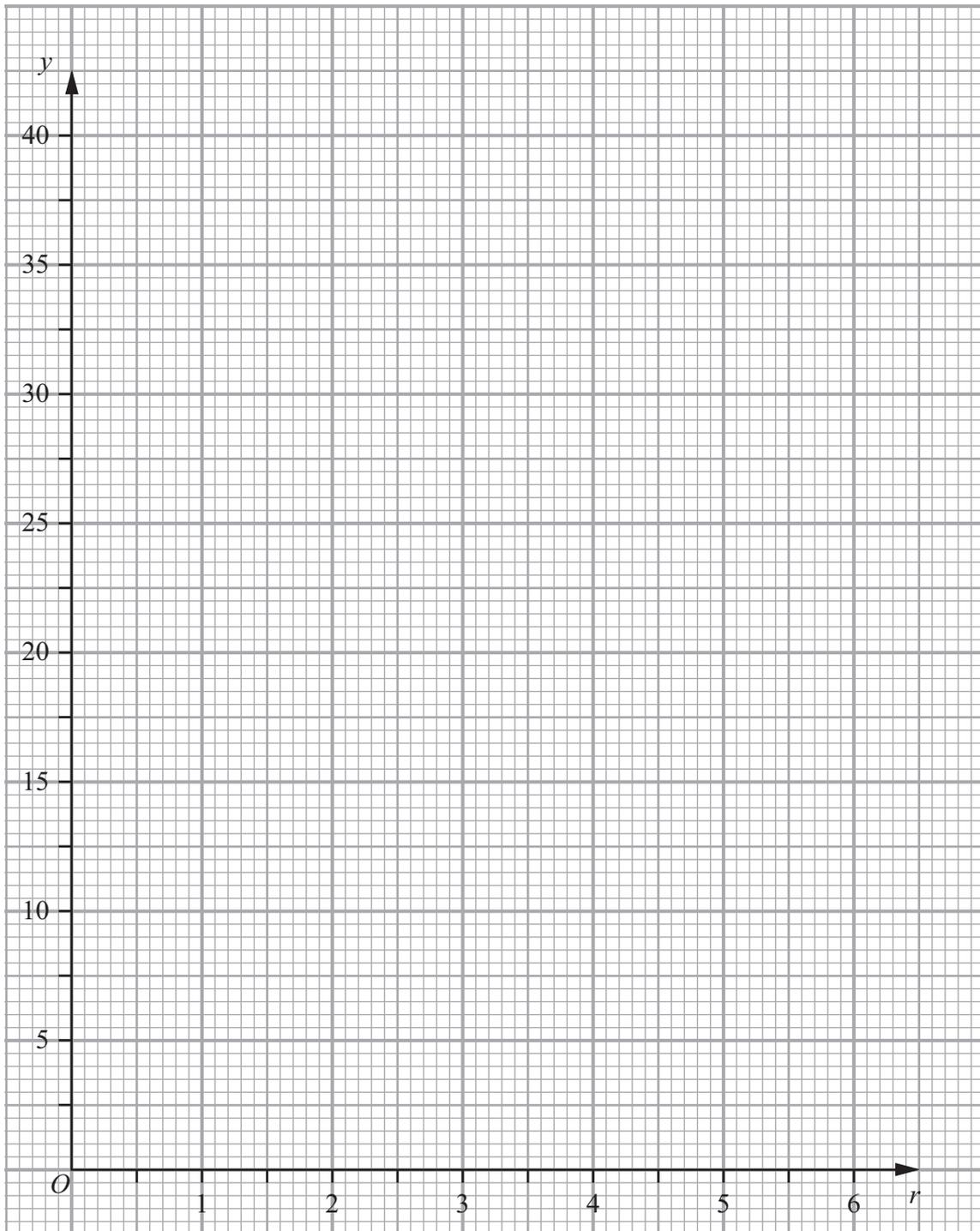


**Question 10 continued**

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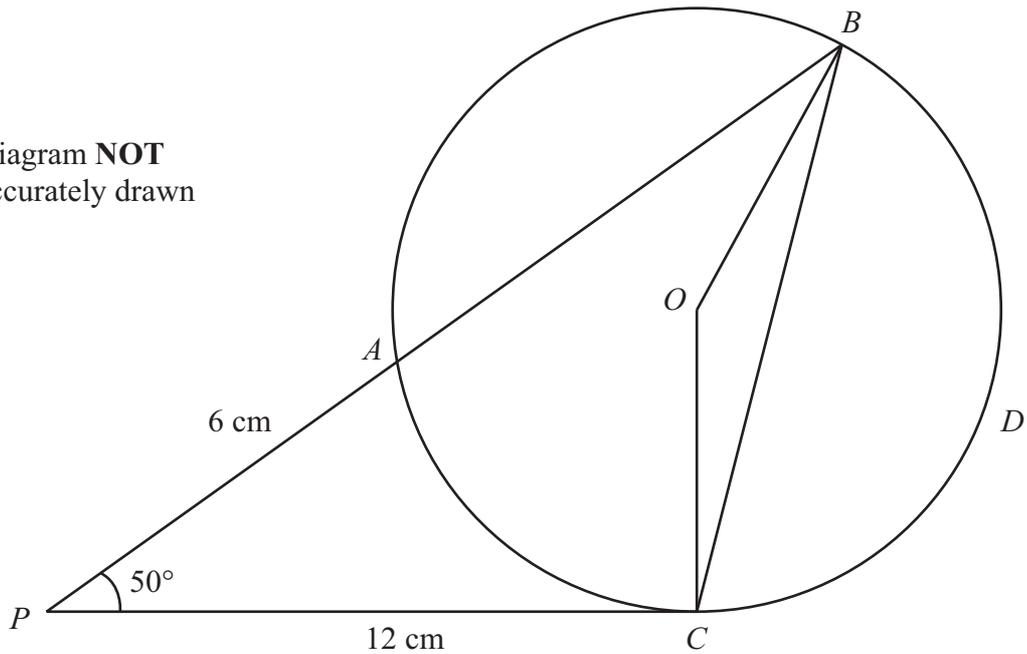
Question 10 continued



(Total for Question 10 is 16 marks)



Diagram **NOT**  
accurately drawn



**Figure 5**

In Figure 5,  $ABDC$  is a circle with centre  $O$ . The tangent at  $C$  meets  $BA$  produced at  $P$ .

$PA = 6$  cm,  $PC = 12$  cm.

(a) Give a reason why  $\angle OCP$  is  $90^\circ$ . (1)

(b) Show that  $PB = 24$  cm. (2)

Given that  $\angle BPC = 50^\circ$  find, giving all your answers to 3 significant figures,

(c) the length, in cm, of  $BC$ , (3)

(d) the size, in degrees, of  $\angle BCO$ , (4)

(e) the radius, in cm, of the circle, (3)

(f) the area, in  $\text{cm}^2$ , of the sector  $OBDC$ . (3)

$$[\text{Cosine rule: } a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$$

$$\text{Sine rule: } \frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

$$\text{Area of circle} = \pi r^2]$$

**Question 11 continued**

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